## Sécurité des réseaux industriels (OT)

Analyse approfondie de Cyber Vision



Florian Bois Network Security Engineer, Orange Cyberdefense



Nicolas DEVILLE
IIoT Security Product Manager,
Cisco







• Quel est le 1er mot qui vous viens à l'esprit lorsque l'on parle de cybersécurité industrielle ?



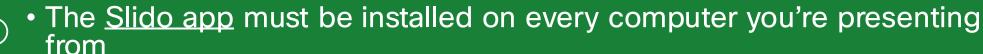






# Comment jugez vous la sécurite de vos réseaux OT ?









## Votre entreprise est-elle impactée par NIS2 ?









## Agenda

- 01 Les enjeux cyber dans l'OT
- 02 Etapes de sécurisation des réseaux OT
- 03 Visibilité : Cisco Cyber Vision
- 04 Segmentation : ISE & FMC
- 05 Gestion des accès distant : SEA
- 06 Surveillance et répons à incident : Splunk
- 07 Cas clients

### Agenda

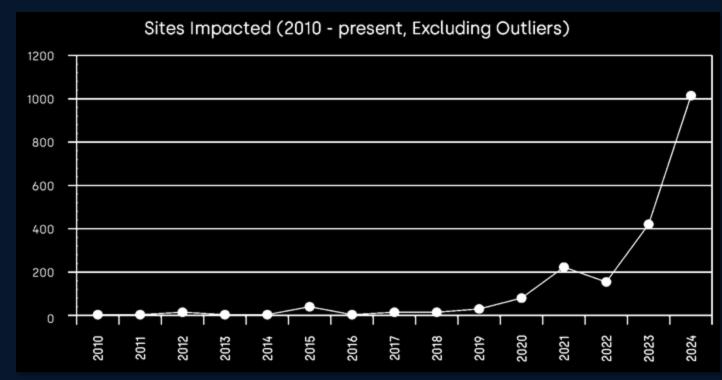
- 01 Les enjeux cyber dans l'OT
- 02 Etapes de sécurisation des réseaux OT
- 03 Visibilité : Cisco Cyber Vision
- 04 Segmentation : ISE & FMC
- 05 Gestion des accès distant : SEA
- 06 Surveillance et répons à incident : Splunk
- 07 Cas clients



## Increased connectivity results in more cyberattacks

#### 2024 saw:

- At least one cyberattack every week against OT assets caused physical consequences in 2024
- 146% increase in sites impacted by cyberattacks with physical consequences
- Nation state attacks have tripled



Waterfall 2025 OT Cyber Security Threat Report

### Industrial Security Challenges are scary



Internet accessible Industrial Control Systems





Port-forwarding on LTE backdoors



Legacy Windows devices with known exploits



More state sponsorship to exploit vulnerabilities





Al enhancements have introduced even more threats, and made exploitation easier than ever



Al Generated code to exploit vulnerabilities (Hacker GPT)

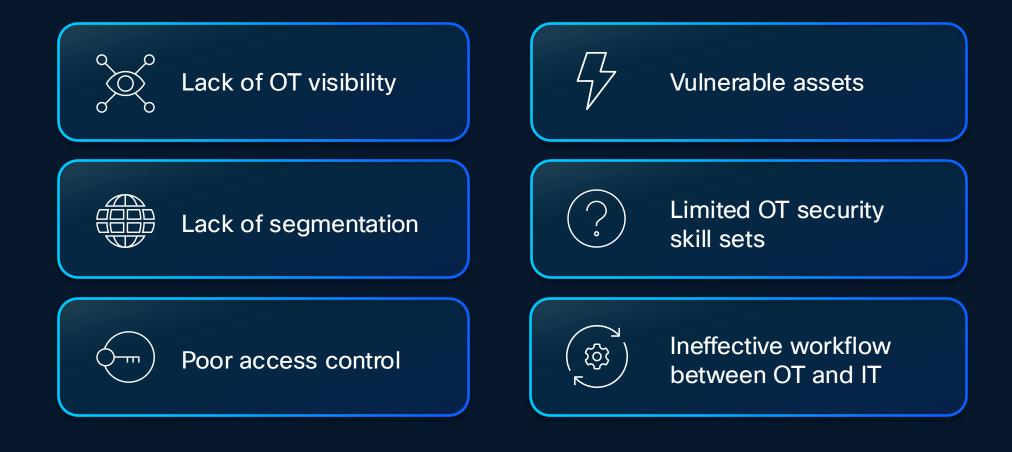


Remote Access backdoors built into autonomous robots (Unitree Go1 Robot Dogs)



Adaptive malware bypassing IPS signatures

### Common issues in industrial operations



### Agenda

- 01 Les enjeux cyber dans l'OT
- 02 Etapes de sécurisation des réseaux OT
- 03 Visibilité : Cisco Cyber Vision
- 04 Segmentation : ISE & FMC
- 05 Gestion des accès distant : SEA
- 06 Surveillance et répons à incident : Splunk
- 07 Cas clients



## The journey to secure operational networks









Understand the OT security posture with OT visibility

Limit blast radius with network segmentation

Control risks from remote access to OT assets

Monitor OT networks in the SOC

## Agenda

- 01 Les enjeux cyber dans l'OT
- 02 Etapes de sécurisation des réseaux OT
- 03 Visibilité : Cisco Cyber Vision
- 04 Segmentation: ISE & FMC
- 05 Gestion des accès distant : SEA
- 06 Surveillance et répons à incident : Splunk
- 07 Cas clients



## Step #1: Deploying OT Visibility









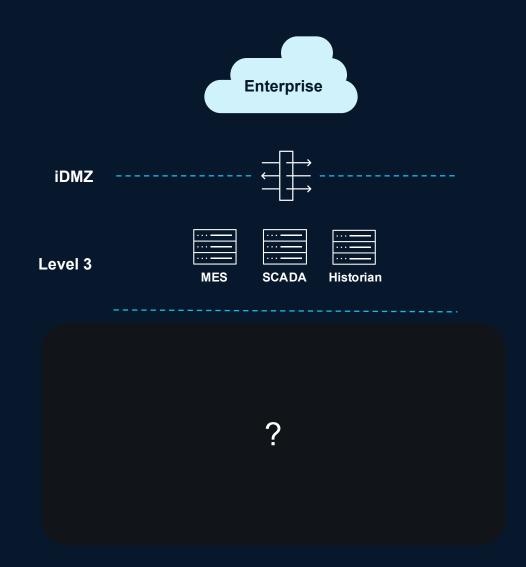
Understand the OT security posture with OT visibility

Limit blast radius with network segmentation

Control risks from remote access to OT assets

Monitor OT networks in the SOC

# Most organizations do not have visibility into their critical assets



### Cisco Cyber Vision "turns on the lights" for industries



Inventory OT assets and their communications



Spot vulnerabilities to patch or mitigate



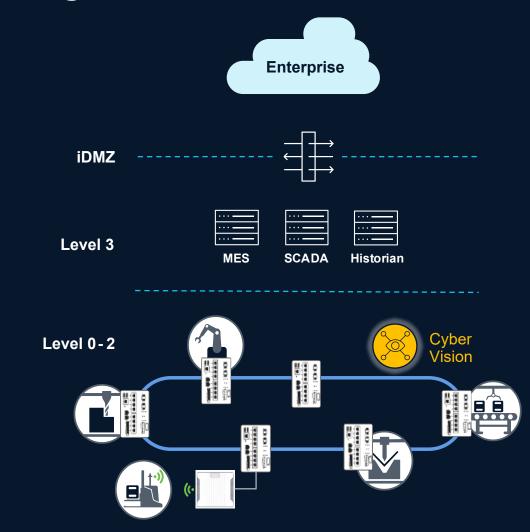
Create access policies to segment networks



Detect bypass or leaks in the IDMZ



Drive compliance and governance



Automated discovery of assets, vulnerabilities, and communication across the industrial network

## Cisco Cyber Vision

Visibility & Security Platform for the Industrial IoT



#### Visibility

OT asset inventory Communication patterns



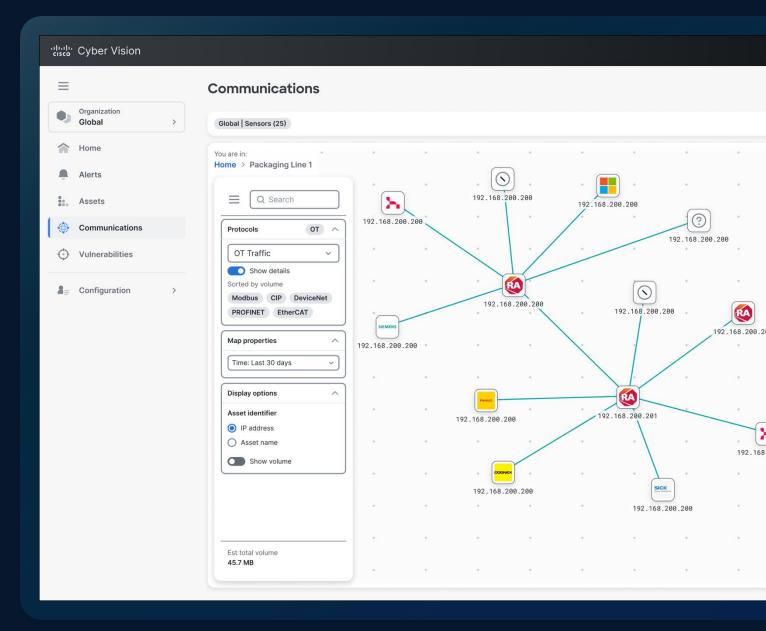
#### **Security Posture**

Device vulnerabilities Risk scoring



### **Zone Segmentation**

Automate segmentation below the IDMZ to protect operations



## Cyber Vision

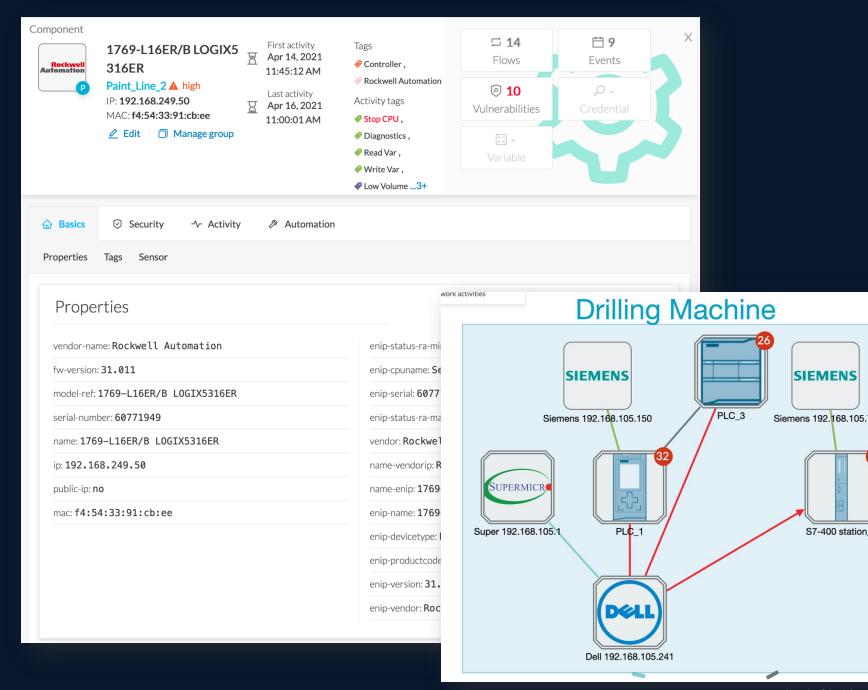
Visibility built-in, not bolted on

Cisco industrial network sees everything, so you gain visibility at scale



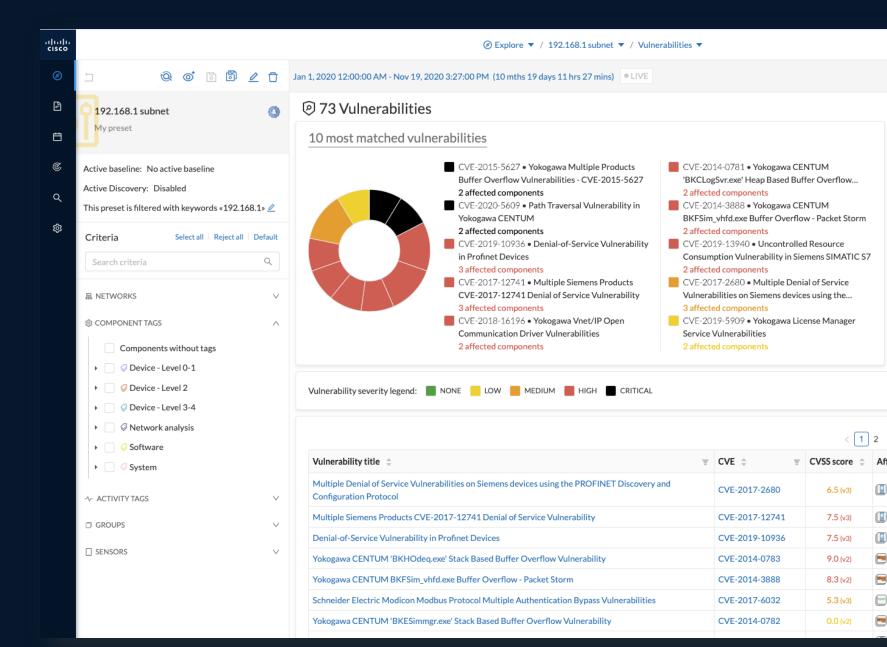
# Visibility into connected industrial assets

Understand the identity of all assets in the environment gain insight into network communications



## Identify & Track Vulnerabilities

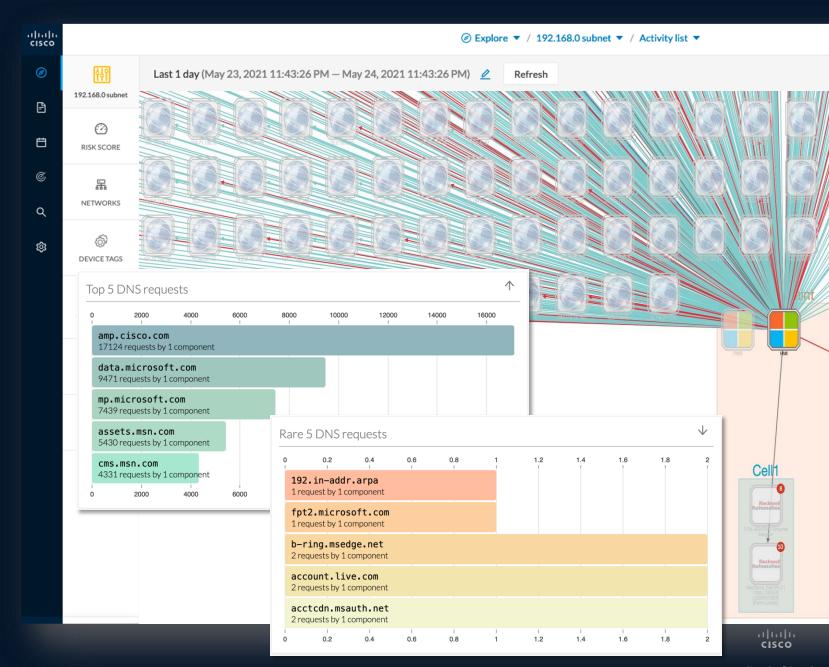
Identify known asset vulnerabilities so you can patch or protect them before they are exploited





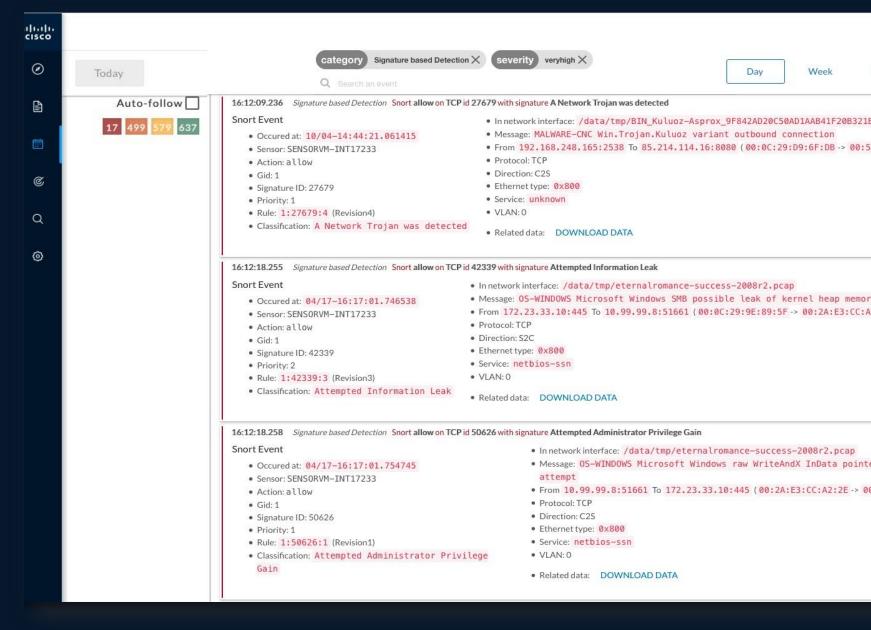
## Identify & Stop iDMZ Leaks

Filter subnets to identify traffic to external networks and stop unauthorized leaks past the DMZ



## Detect Malicious Intrusions

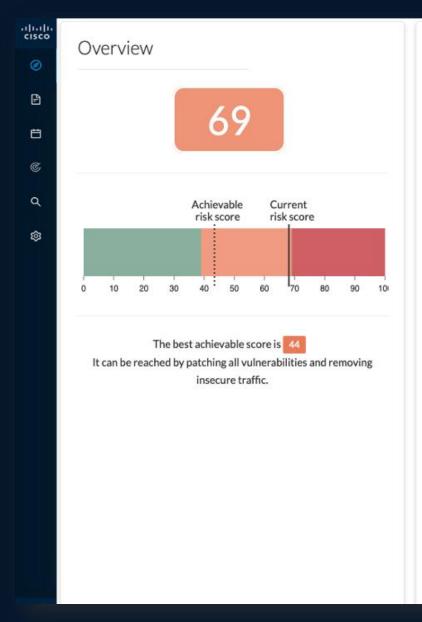
Detect malicious intrusions with Snort IDS and Talos threat intelligence





## Track your Risk Exposure

Asset risk scoring based on impact and likelihood to help you improve compliance



#### Details

The score was computed on May 24, 2021 10:00:06 PM by Cisco Cyber Vision as follows:

Criteria	Matching	Distribution	De
Device type	SCS0102 type: Controller	13%	cou
Group impact	SCS0102 group: Building K. It has an industrial impact <b>A</b> very high.	51%	
Activities	No matching activity	0%	
Vulnerabilities	SCS0102 most impacting vulnerability is Path Traversal Vulnerability in Yokogawa CENTUM	36%	Par You CV Sue vul un:

## Measure Progress with Reports

Track risk management improvements and show progress to management with historical reports

#### **Key Findings**

Filter Criteria: All data Preset

This report is an automated summary that captures a list related activities found on the devices in the All data Pre am UTC

Risk score	Total Dev
37	4

#### Security Insights

Severity	Findings
High	1 devices have been ide
High	1 devices have been at
Medium	3 devices have run DNS

#### **DNS Queries to Remote Access Domain Names**

Cisco Cyber Vision maintains a list of known remote access dome to access internal devices. The table below depicts those device of these domains, indicating that these devices may have been r

Device Name	Device IP	Group	Domain
192.168.0.72	192.168.0.72	-	client.tea
192.168.0.72	192.168.0.72	-	de-fra-an
192.168.0.72	192.168.0.72	-	router13.

#### **Attempted Remote Access Communications**

Cisco Cyber Vision maintains a list of known domains that are internal devices. The table below depicts those internal device remotely from one of these domains listed next to it.

Device Name	Device IP	Group	Remote Name
192.168.0.72	192.168.0.72	-	client.teamvie

#### **Key Findings**

Filter Criteria: -

This report is an automated summary that captures all the security events found on the devices in the - by Cisco Cybe 8:04 am UTC

Risk score Devices Vulnerable I		<b>Vulnerable Devices</b>	Ev
45.0	34	7	

#### **Security Insights**

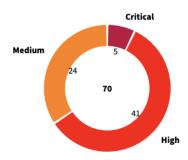
Severity		Findings
Critical		46 critical and high severity vulnera
	Critical	4 devices have a risk score > 70
	High	3 devices found communicating wi
		47 devices have been remotely acco
		2 devices found using 11 unsecured
	High	2 devices using clear text password

#### Top 5 Vendors seen

Vendor	N
ABB Oy / Medium Voltage Products	
Cisco Systems Inc	
ASIX ELECTRONICS CORP.	
Quanta Storage Inc.	

#### **Vulnerabilities**

Filter Criteria: -



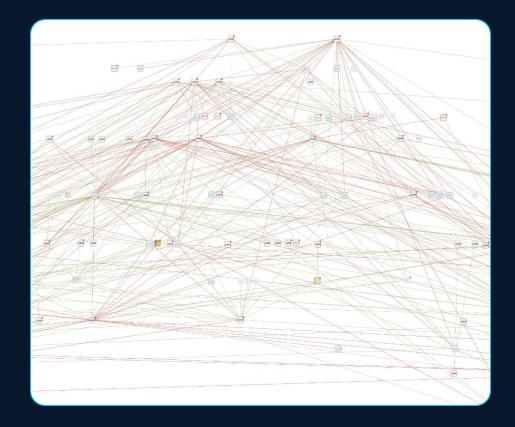
CVE ID	Vulnerability Name	CVSS Score	Severity	Number of af- fected devices
CVE-2017-12741	Multiple Siemens Products CVE-2017- 12741 Denial of Service Vulnerability	7.5	High	4
CVE-2019-10936	Denial-of-Service Vulnerability in Profinet Devices	7.5	High	4
CVE-2017-2680	Multiple Denial of Service Vulnerabilities on Siemens devices using the PROFINET Discovery and Configuration Protocol	6.5	Medium	4
CVE-2022-30694	Missing CSRF Protection in the Web Server Login Page of Siemens Industrial Controllers	6.5	Medium	4
CVE-2019-6568	Denial Of Service Vulnerability in Web- server of Industrial Products - Siemens	7.5	High	3

Page 22

Page 3



## Use AI to streamline network segmentation and protect operations



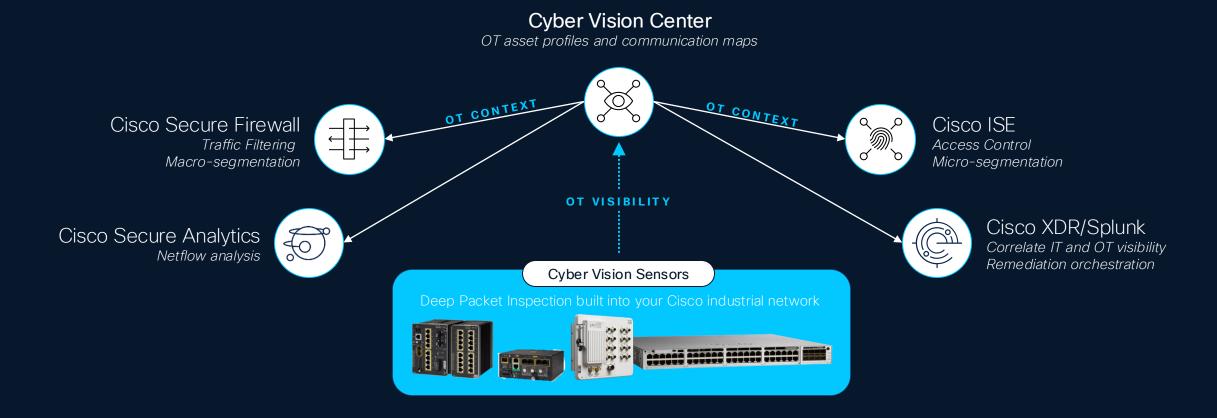


Load robot ConvPLC Inspection sensor Reject discard robo Packaging PLC-1

OT asset inventory projects highlight flat, unsegmented networks

Cyber Vision Al-based clustering automatically creates security zones to drive network segmentation using Firewalls or NAC

### Cyber Vision extends IT security to your industrial settings



OT context and insights that are foundational to using IT security tools to secure industrial networks

### Agenda

- 01 Les enjeux cyber dans l'OT
- 02 Etapes de sécurisation des réseaux OT
- 03 Visibilité : Cisco Cyber Vision
- 04 Segmentation : ISE & FMC
- 05 Gestion des accès distant : SEA
- 06 Surveillance et répons à incident : Splunk
- 07 Cas clients



### **Step #2: Network Segmentation**









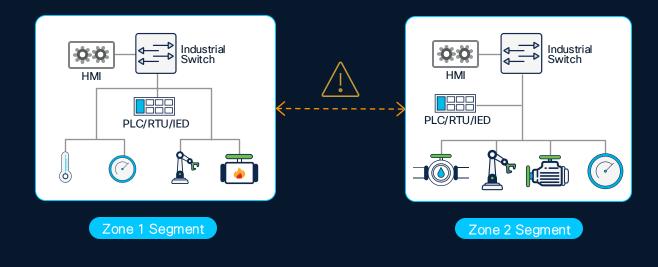
Understand the OT security posture with OT visibility

Limit blast radius with network segmentation

Control risks from remote access to OT assets

Monitor OT networks in the SOC

## Preventative measures are required to protect OT networks, not just visibility





Malware can easily spread through the entire OT network



An attacker only needs to exploit one of many vulnerabilities to cause serious damage



Implementing access control can cause downtime due to legitimate process flows getting blocked

### First identify what the scope of segmentation is

Use Case #1
Protect the IT / OT Boundary

If the IT network is exploited, there should be no direct path to the critical network

Use the Cisco Secure Firewall to control traffic between IT and OT

Use Case #2
Protect OT from the
Industrial Data Center

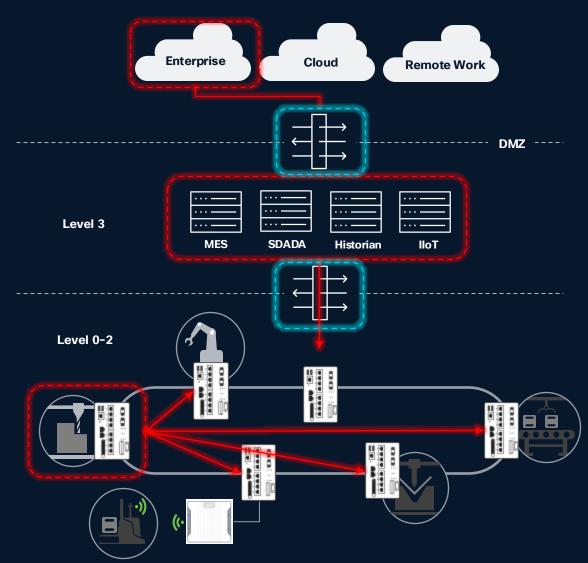
Rising Al investments have expanded the IDC and introduced more ways for attackers to gain a foothold to the network.

Use the Cisco Secure Firewall to protect the OT network from the IDC

Use Case #3
Prevent Lateral Movement
in the Control Network

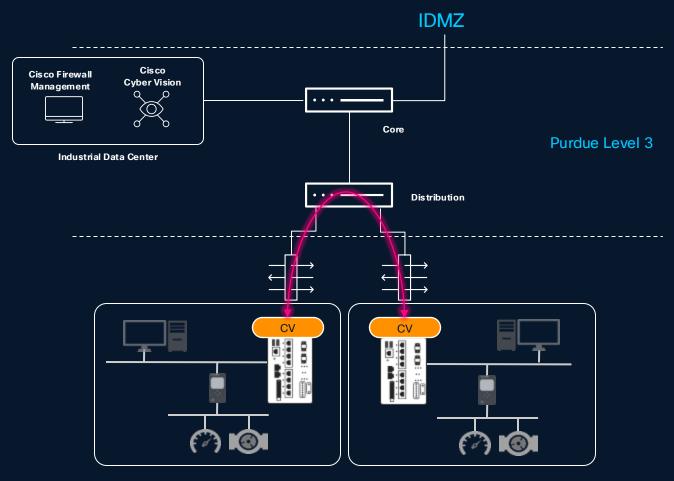
If one process zone is compromised, others should continue to run without interruption.

Use Cisco Identity Services Engine and go on the journey to Zero Trust for OT



# Securing Plant Networks with Cisco Secure Firewall

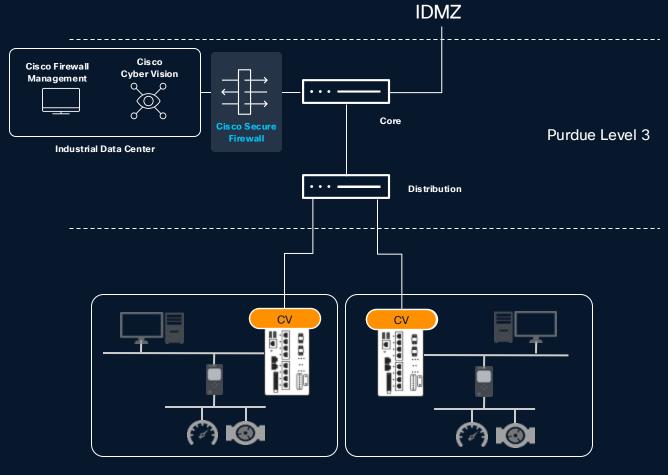
## Common OT firewall mistake Placing firewalls at the edge of every process zone



Purdue Level 0-2

- If I have 200 cell/area zones, that means 200 new firewalls
  - More hardware to manage
  - More policies to manage
  - Patch management
  - ...
- Interzone communication means traffic must flow through two separate firewalls which adds unnecessary latency, especially if traffic is subject to an IPS
- Rugged firewalls are best suited to Intra-zone communication, for once off use cases, and only if advanced protection features are required

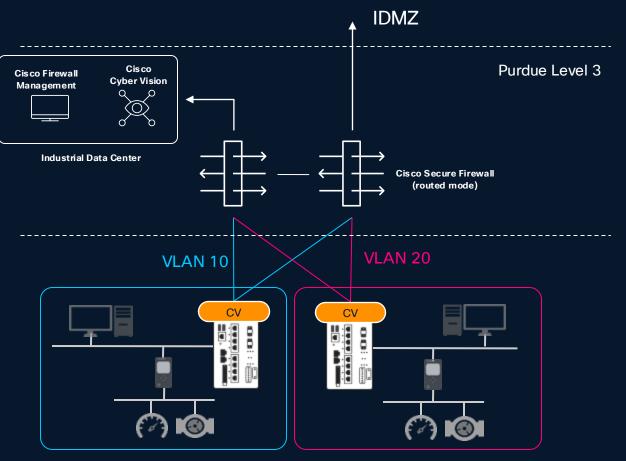
## Better approach to OT firewall #1 Cisco Secure Firewall at the industrial data center



Purdue Level 0-2

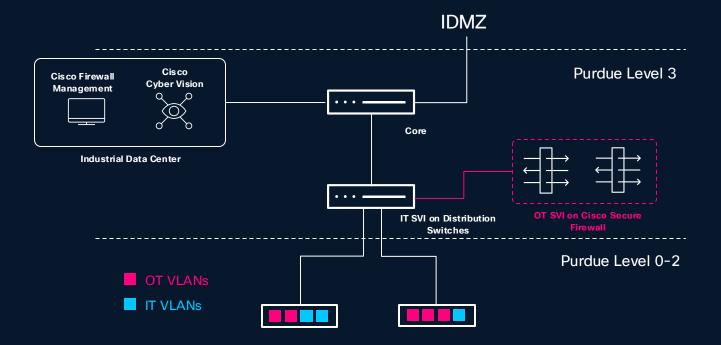
- Industrial Data Center (IDC) typically resides below DMZ firewall, meaning no protection between it and the plant floor
- IDC may be exposed to the Internet for modern applications, increasing its attack surface
- Workloads are being moved from the cell/area zones to the IDC, meaning critical traffic will flow back and forth
- It is critical we provide a security barrier between the virtual workloads and the physical devices

## Better approach to OT firewall #2 Cisco Secure Firewall as routing point for the OT network



- VLANs are often overlooked for security because by themselves they offer little protection
- Use a firewall to route between VLANs so all routed traffic is subject to firewall enforcement
- Enables you to place a small cluster of firewalls to protect a full plant instead of a unique firewall per zone

## Better approach to OT firewall #3 Only terminate critical VLANs at the firewall



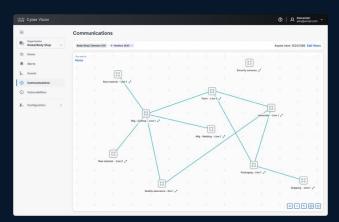
- Many manufacturing plants have a mix of OT and IT / non-critical VLANs within an environment
- Not all traffic needs to traverse a firewall
- Dedicate firewalls for protection of OT assets
- Main goal is to reduce the blast radius.
   If one zone is compromised, our goal is to limit downtime to that one zone

### Enhancing firewall policies with OT context from Cyber Vision



Grouping assets in Cyber Vision

Creates Dynamic Attributes in FMC Policies enforced by Cisco Secure Firewall





**CSDAC** 



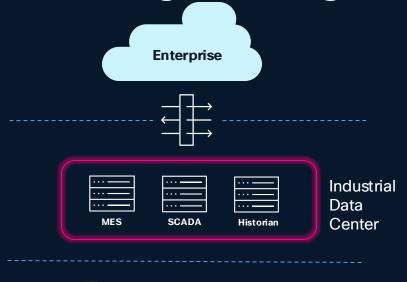


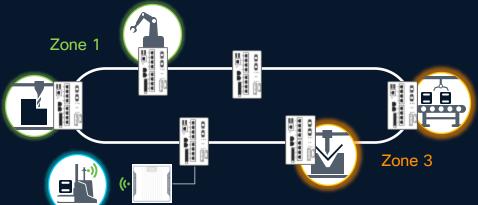


Zero downtime with OT controlled adaptive firewall rules

# Securing Plant Networks with Cisco Identity Services Engine

# Organizations are adopting the IEC62443 Zones & Conduits Model for segmenting their OT network





- Zones represent a group of devices on based on functional, logical or physical relationships
- Conduits represent the networking equipment used to communicate across zones

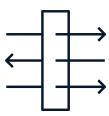
The intent is to move from one flat OT network to multiple small OT networks with security controls in between

# A journey to implementing micro segmentation in OT



### **Virtual Segmentation**

Visualizing your zones and conduits and reacting to data observed between zones



### **Macro Segmentation**

Pushing policy across "large" zones. For example, the distribution switches Intra Cell segmentation



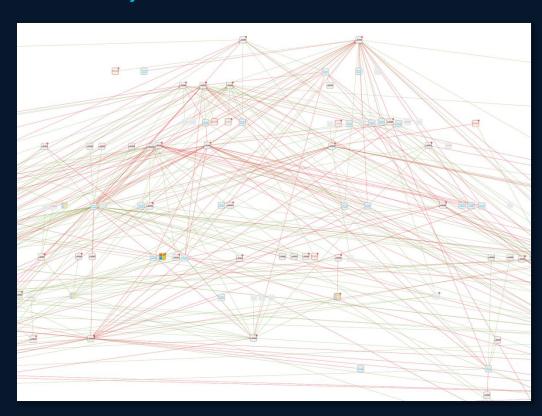
### Micro Segmentation

Pushing policies across "small" zones. For example, the industrial ethernet switches for Inter Cell segmentation

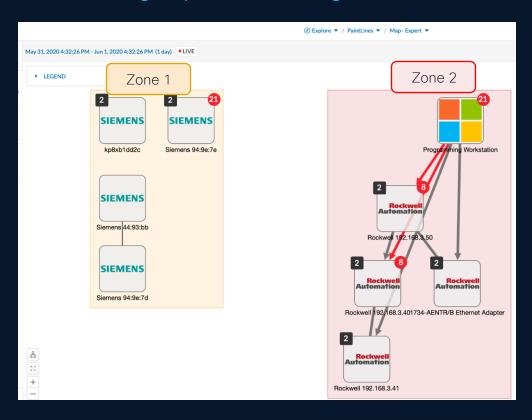
A micro segmentation project should never start with micro segmentation. Start with macro and do micro segmentation one zone at a time!

## First build your Zones & Conduits in Cyber Vision...

Cyber Vision discovers OT assets...



...and groups them into logical zones...

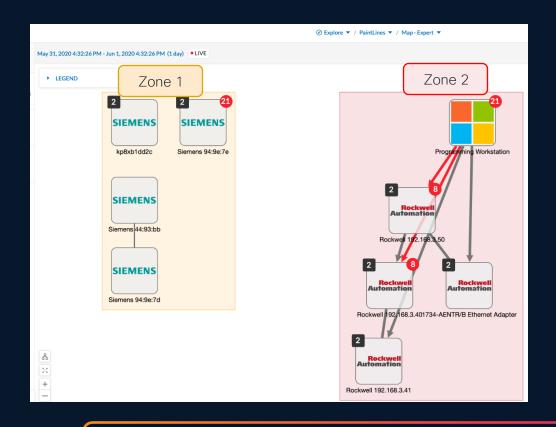


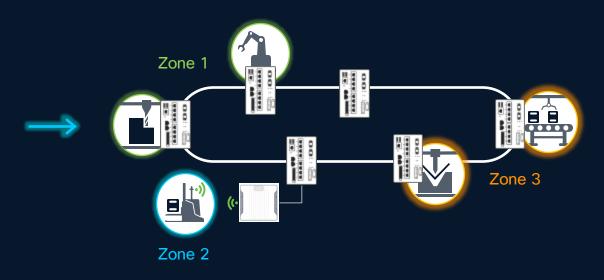
OT asset inventory projects highlight flat, unsegmented networks

Cyber Vision helps OT teams document security zones to drive segmentation



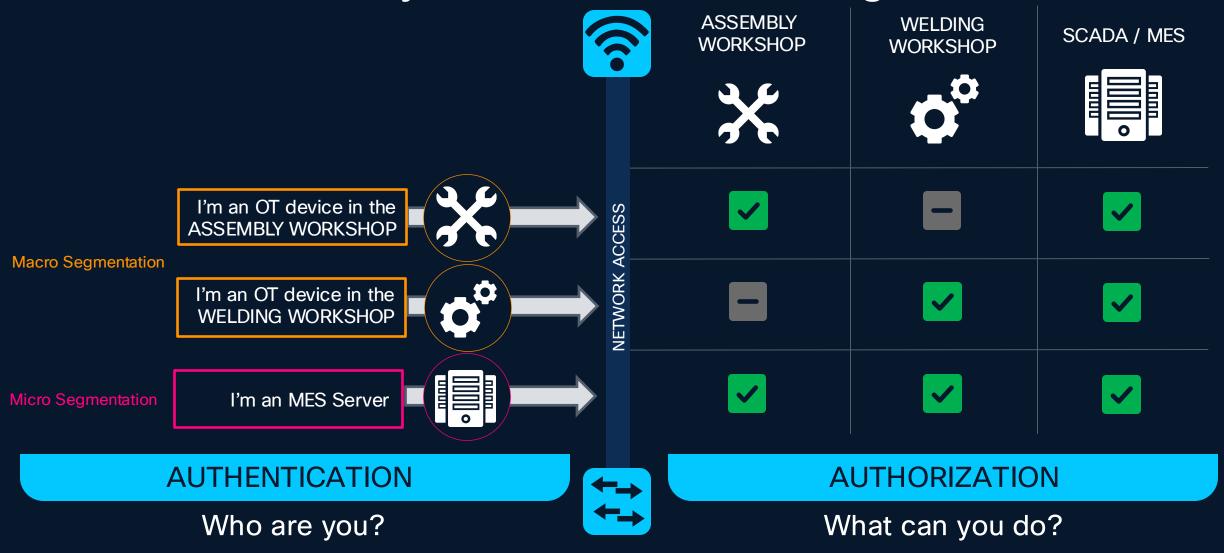
## .... then push policy back into the network



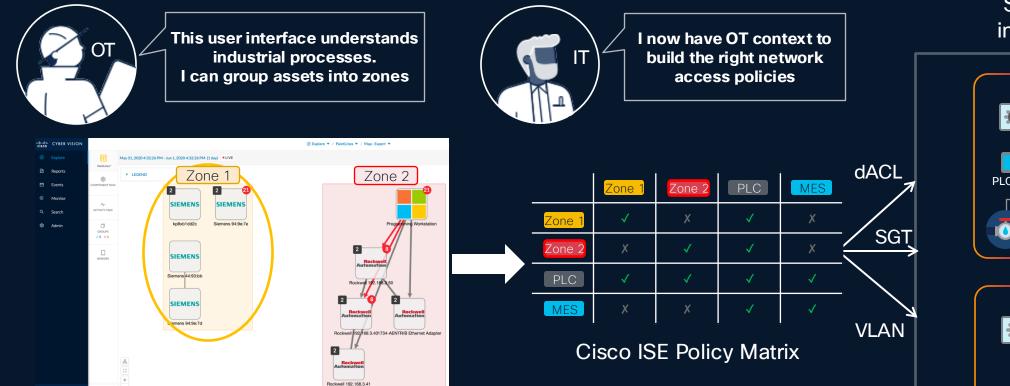


Adaptive segmentation enforced by IT, controlled by OT

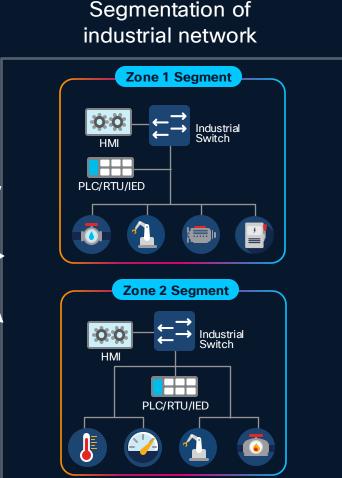
## Cisco TrustSec - Hybrid Macro / Micro Segmentation



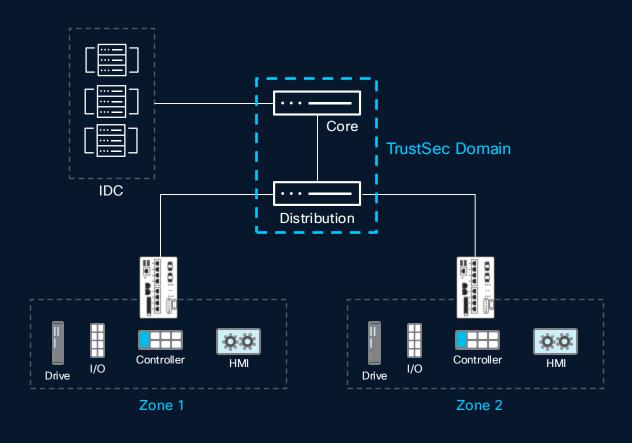
# Segmentation driven by OT Context from Cyber Vision



Cisco Cyber Vision Map View



# Debunking TrustSec myths A full Cisco network is NOT required for TrustSec



- The TrustSec domain will act as the conduit between zones
- All traffic within a zone is free to communicate
- Use Cyber Vision to gain visibility inside the zone
- Use ISE to control traffic between zones

Just because a network can do micro segmentation does not mean you should turn it on immediately

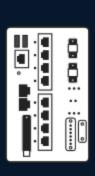
# What Devices Support SGT Enforcement?

**Enforcement Nodes:** Can actively block traffic



### **Catalyst Switches**

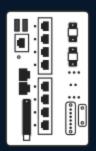
Typically used at the distribution & core



IE3500, IE3400, IE9300

Typically used at access & aggregation

**SXP Speakers:** Can share IP to SGT information over SXP but cannot enforce traffic. Used for authentication, not for enforcement



- IE3300
- IE3200
- IE3100
- IE2000

# Agenda

- 01 Les enjeux cyber dans l'OT
- 02 Etapes de sécurisation des réseaux OT
- 03 Visibilité : Cisco Cyber Vision
- 04 Segmentation : ISE & FMC
- 05 Gestion des accès distant : SEA
- 06 Surveillance et répons à incident : Splunk
- 07 Cas clients



## **Step #3: Secure Remote Access**









Understand the OT security posture with OT visibility

Limit blast radius with network segmentation

Control risks from remote access to OT assets

Monitor OT networks in the SOC

# Unsecure OT remote access is a major threat to industrial operations

Jaguar Land Rover Breached by HELLCAT Ransomware Group using Jira Credentials

By Kaaviya - March 17, 2025

CISA Warns of Fortinet FortiOS
Authentication Bypass Vulnerability
Exploited in Wild

By Guru Baran - March 19, 2025

RansomHub Breach: Six-Day Attack Leveraged RDP, RMM Tools & Mimikatz for Data

**Ddos** Unne 30, 2025

**Exfiltration & Ransomware** 

**Credential abuse** and **social engineering** is the most common way to breach a network

Vulnerability exploits on edge infrastructure is on the rise. Anything with a public IP address will be attacked.

Traditional remote access gateways do not stop the risk of lateral movement

# OT remote access options are either security backdoors or come with many trade-offs



Ad-Hoc Software

Often installed on operator workstations

Backdoor to IT security policies



Cellular Gateways

Dedicated hardware installed by machine builders

Backdoor to IT security policies



**VPN** 

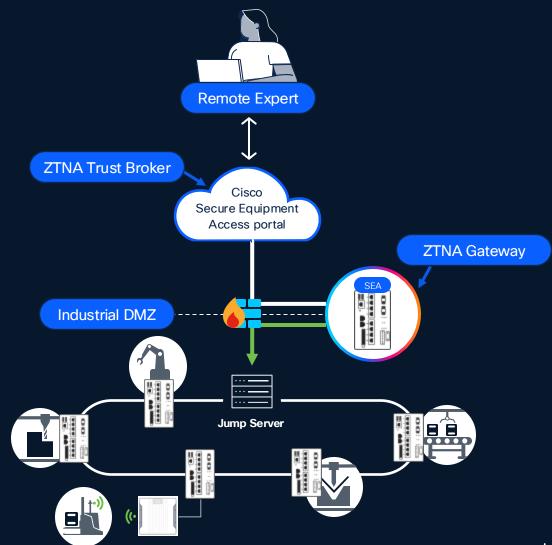
Always-On, All-or-Nothing access

Need additional controls to deny full network access

## **Enhance existing Jump Servers with Zero-Trust**

Supercharge your existing remote access setup with modern security capabilities

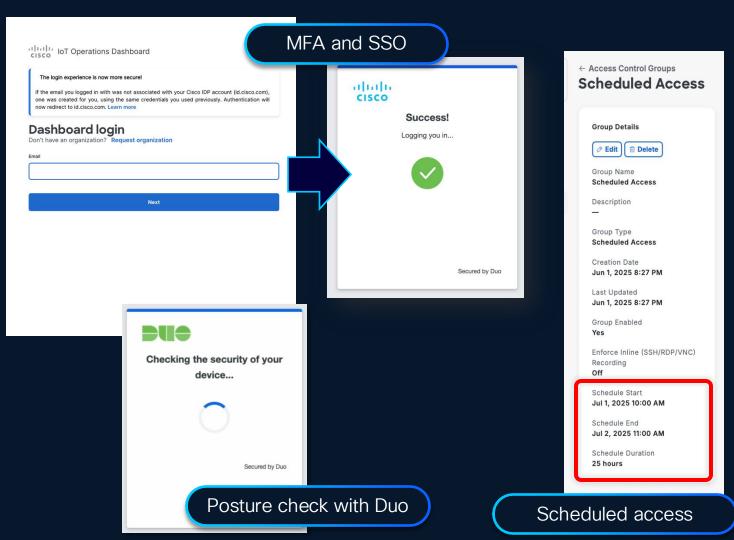
- Keep existing jump servers to maintain workflows and simplify change
- Replace insecure VPNs and enforce robust access control with SEA ensuring only authorized users have access only at specific times
- Gain new control with SEA recording sessions or inspecting file transfer\*
- Simplify operations with cloud-based policy management that OT can use



## **Zero-Trust Security Controls**

# Ensure only trusted users can connect and when.

- Verify user identities with MFA and SSO, integrating with your IdP
- Prevent malware intrusion by verifying compliance of remote user's computers using Cisco Duo
- Enforce schedules to allow access only at time of need

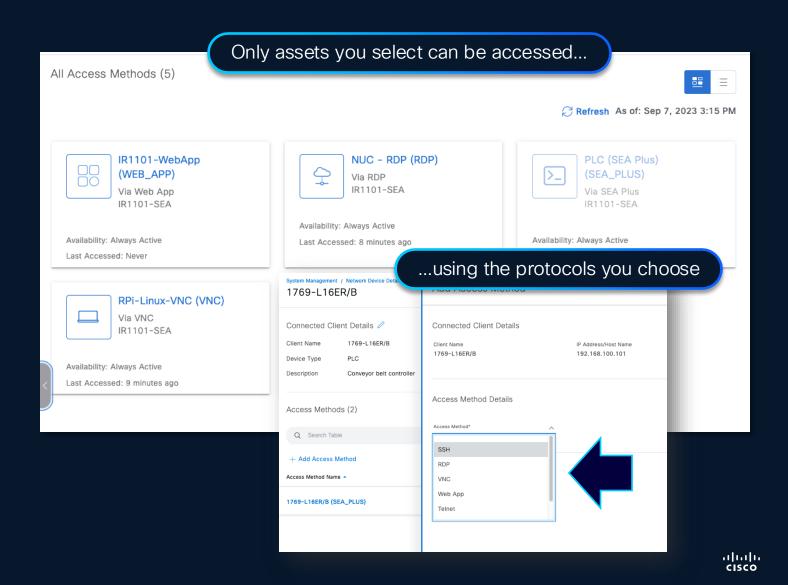




# Least Privilege Access Controls

# Never expose your entire network and prevent lateral movement.

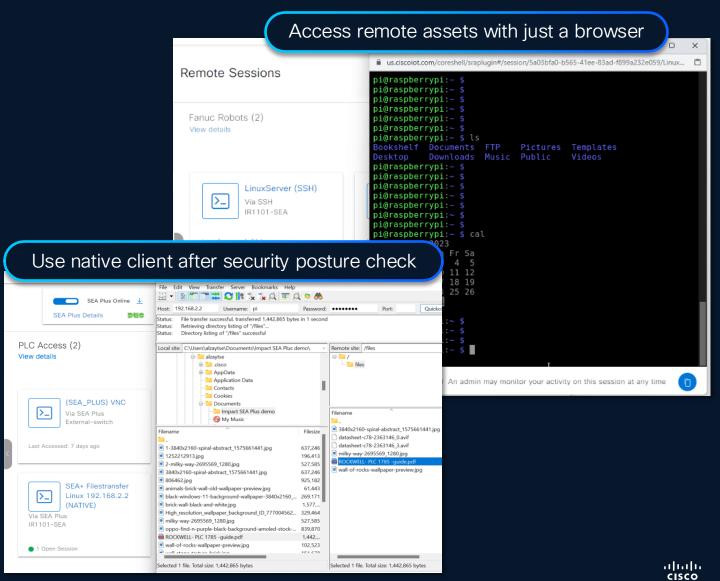
- Only assets you specify can be accessed by the remote users you choose
- Using only the protocols allowed
- Only on the days and times allowed



## Clientless and Agent-based Access

Get total control of how users can access assets while offering flexibility and ease of use.

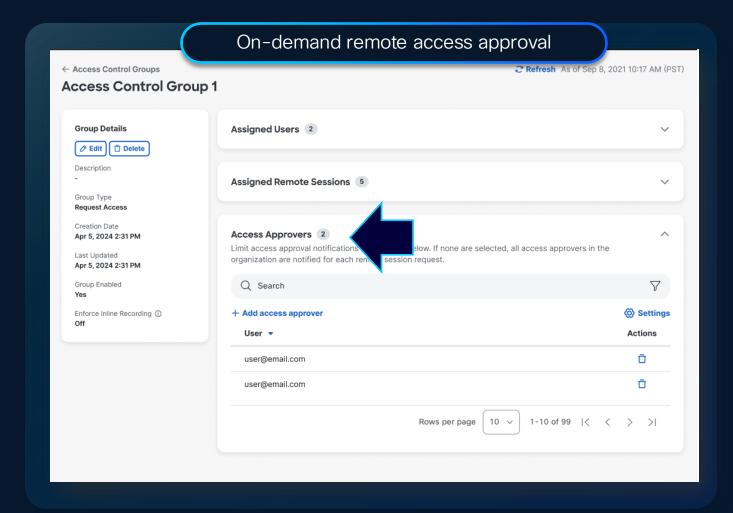
- Clientless: Users only need a browser to access remote assets using RDP, VNC, SSH, Telnet or HTTP(S)
- Agent-based: Use native desktop clients for advanced tasks, only once computer has been verified for compliance with health policies



### OT Self-Service: On-Demand Remote Access

# Help OT teams seamlessly drive operations with contractors while maintaining controls

- Remote users can request access when they need it. No need to preconfigure ever changing users
- Privileged users receive email notifications to grant access on-demand

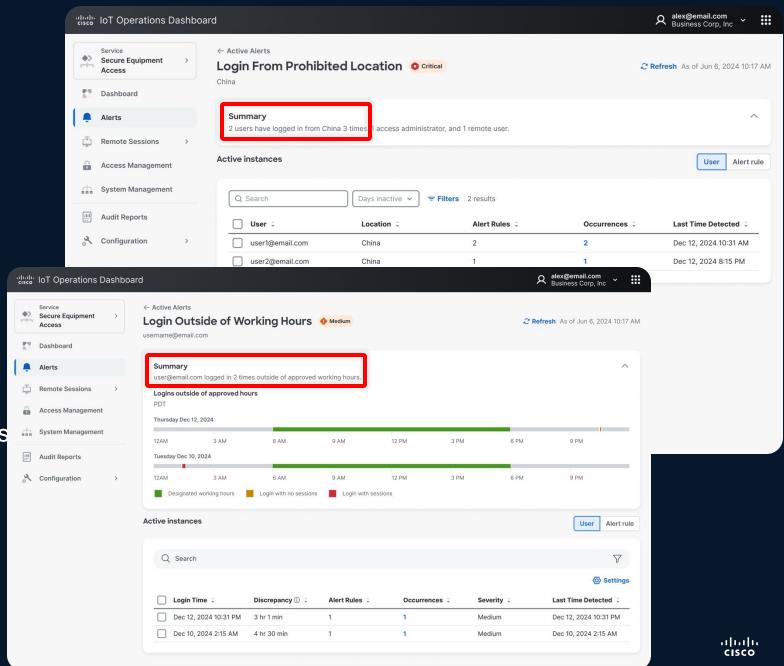




### Remote User Identity Threat Detection

# Detect threats related to remote user identity

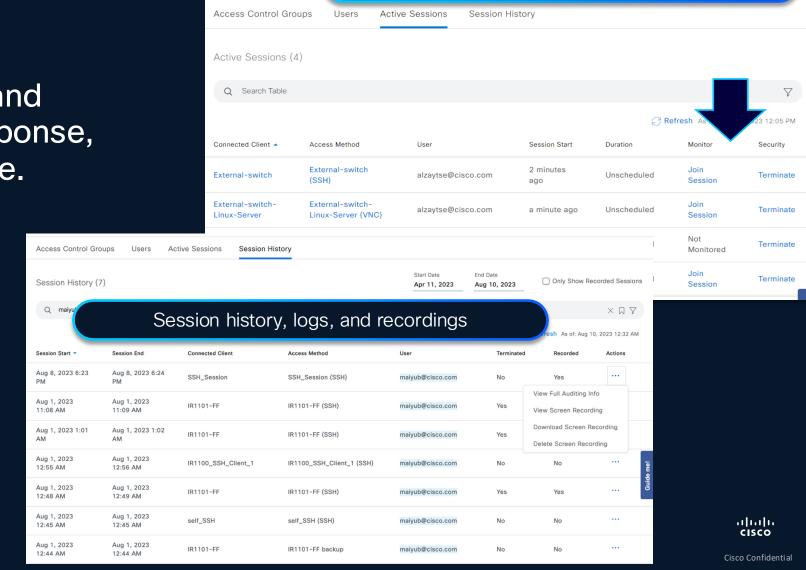
- Login from unapproved geolocation
- Login outside working hours
- Auto deactivation of unused accounts



# Session Recording, Monitoring, and Termination

Real-time visibility on active and past sessions for incident response, investigations, and compliance.

- Monitor active sessions from anywhere in the world
- Terminate remote user session if you detect suspicious activity
- Record or Join sessions for training or audit purposes



Monitoring, joining, and terminating active sessions

## Agenda

- 01 Les enjeux cyber dans l'OT
- 02 Etapes de sécurisation des réseaux OT
- 03 Visibilité : Cisco Cyber Vision
- 04 Segmentation : ISE & FMC
- 05 Gestion des accès distant : SEA
- 06 Surveillance et répons à incident : Splunk
- 07 Cas clients

## Step #4: Unify IT and OT visibility into the SOC









Understand the OT security posture with OT visibility

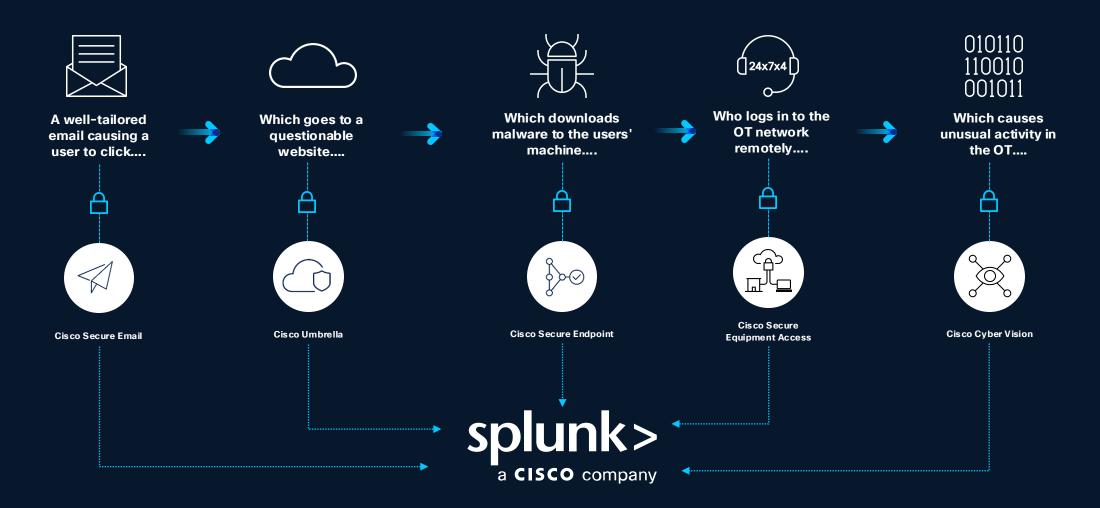
Limit blast radius with network segmentation

Control risks from remote access to OT assets

Monitor OT networks in the SOC

## A siloed approach is not enough to secure OT

Detecting threats requires cross-domain visibility



# Splunk for OT Security

Detect and remediate threats across IT & OT

Unified IT/OT security events management

Aggregate all Cyber Vision deployments

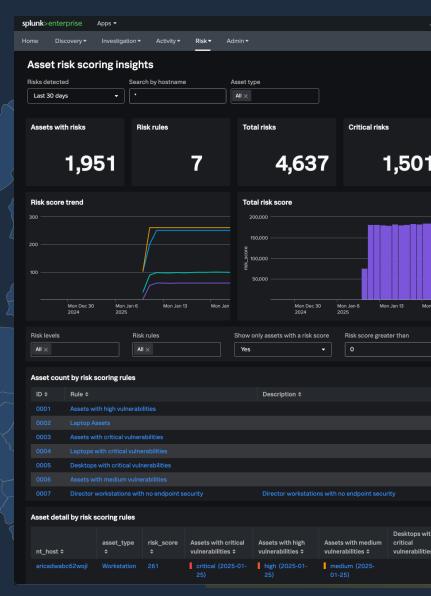
Schedule reports over email

Perimeter Monitoring

Risk Based Alerting

MITRE ATT&CK ICS correlation rules







## Agenda

- 01 Les enjeux cyber dans l'OT
- 02 Etapes de sécurisation des réseaux OT
- 03 Visibilité : Cisco Cyber Vision
- 04 Segmentation : ISE & FMC
- 05 Gestion des accès distant : SEA
- 06 Surveillance et répons à incident : Splunk
- 07 Cas clients



### Case study: Manufacturing

# UNILIN: A global leader in the flooring industry

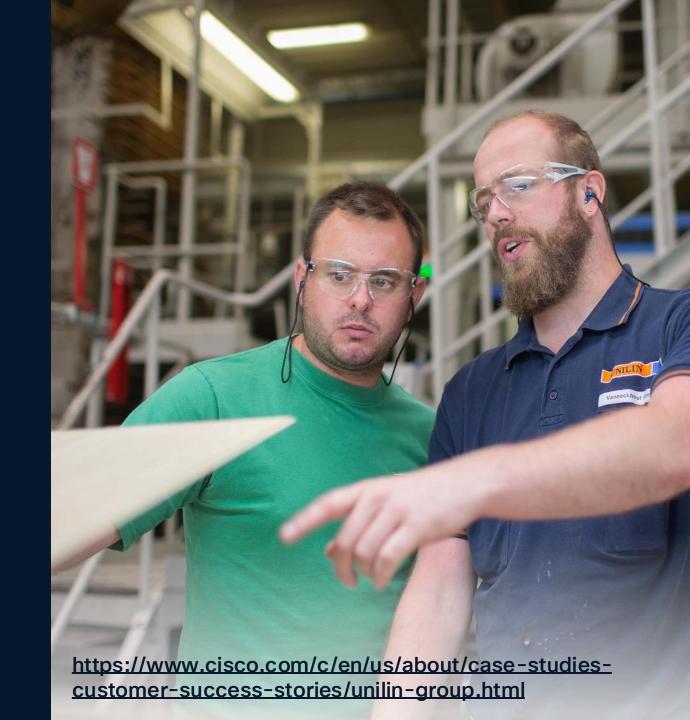
#### **Business drivers**

- An audit highlighted OT network as a huge cyber risk
- IT had no visibility into OT network
- IT wanted a solution which was easy to deploy and use and that could integrate with their existing security tool set (Firepower, Stealthwatch, SecureX and Splunk)

### **Solution**

- Chose Cisco IE3x00 switches as the standard network foundation
- Deployed Cyber Vision sensor on Cisco IE switches to gain 100% visibility
- Cyber Vision fully integrated with the IT security tools

- IT gets comprehensive OT information in their IT security tools
- OT leverages Cyber Vision for insights into OT processes



### Case study: Water Utility

# Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Authority

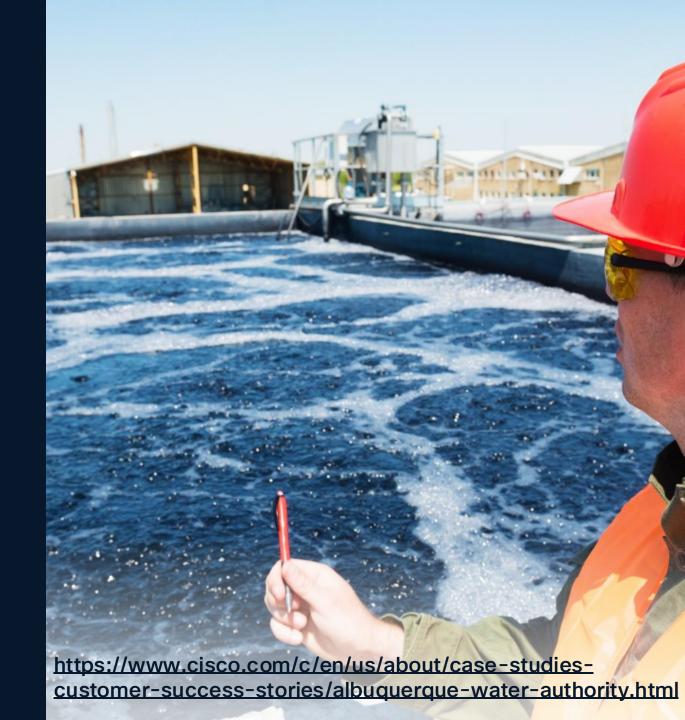
#### **Business drivers**

- New requirements set by America's Water Infrastructure Act (AWIA) regulatory compliance
- · Aging network and security infrastructure

### **Solution**

- Complete refresh and update of the SCADA network infrastructure with a focus on cybersecurity
- Upgraded to Cisco Catalyst IE3400 and Catalyst 9300 with embedded Cyber Vision Sensor
- Deployed ISA3000 firewalls to protect zones

- Increased security with comprehensive visibility on OT assets
- Standardized platforms for IT/OT to share same data and better collaborate. Can now extend Cisco ISE to OT domain.
- Now has to right tools and processes for regulatory compliance with AWIA standards



### Case study: Auto manufacturer

# EV auto manufacturer with global operations

#### **Business drivers**

- Major outages due to network misconfiguration. No standard on switching platform made it is impossible to troubleshoot
- · No visibility into entire ICS environment
- Line builders using same IP address ranges across multiple cells required lots of external NAT devices

### **Solution**

- Standardize on Cisco IE3x00 switches to benefit from
  - L2NAT
  - Profinet & CIP support
  - Modularity of port counts
  - Gigabit Ethernet speeds
- Cyber Vision sensor on IE switches to gain 100% visibility without the high cost of building a SPAN collection network

- Standardization of IE switches makes it easy to manage the network
- Increased confidence in uptime in the production environment



### Case study: Power utility

# CPFL Energia builds resilience and regulatory compliance

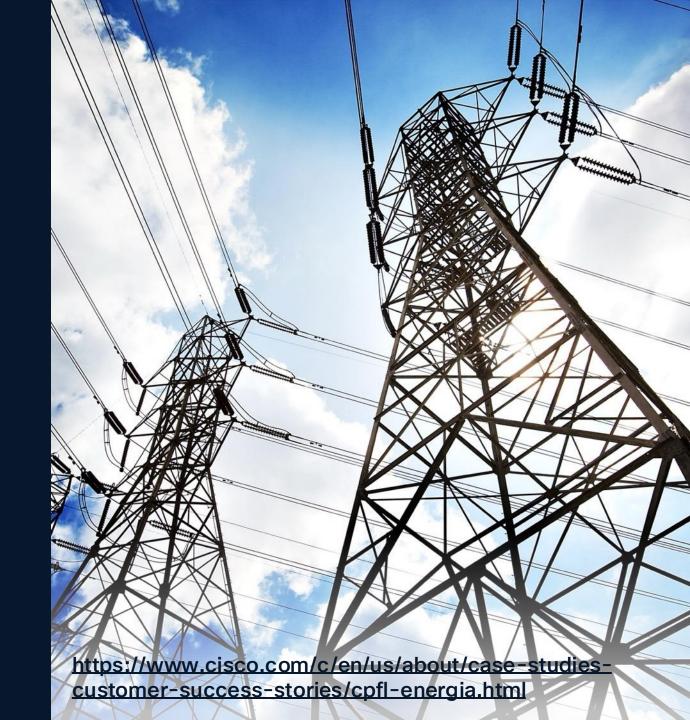
### **Business drivers**

- Over 700 substations to monitor and secure
- Very old, unmanaged network infrastructure connecting remote grid assets to their control center using satellite links
- No inventory of connected assets, vulnerabilities and risks
- Had to comply with new local cybersecurity regulations

#### Solution

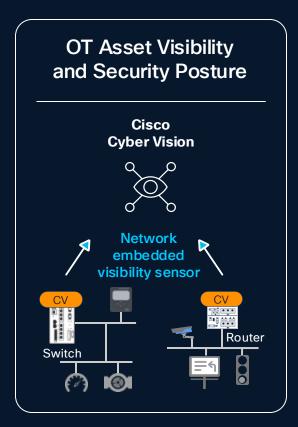
- Replaced switches in all substations with Catalyst IE3400 and embedded Cyber Vision Sensor
- One Cyber Vision Center per region and one Global Center in HQ
- Cisco Secure Firewalls to filter traffic in/out of substations

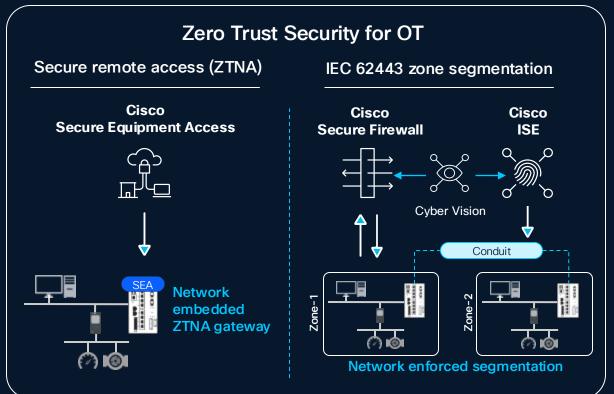
- Cyber Vision DPI in IE switches limits traffic from substations to the SOC, saving on satellite links
- OT security events sent to SIEM for security analysts to manage OT security incidents
- Now has detailed information on grid assets and events to comply with local regulatory requirements



# Conclusion

### Putting it All Together... Cisco Industrial Threat Defense







Highly scalable, comprehensive industrial security, embedded in the network

## Help your customers secure their operations



Engage with IoT Sales Specialists to maximize your chances of success

iotsalesglobal@cisco.com



Visit cisco.com/go/iotsecurity



Leverage our Industrial Security Validated Designs (CVD) www.cisco.com/go/iotcvd



Learn about your options for discounted licenses www.cisco.com/go/iotoffers

# MERCI DE VOTRE ATTENTION!

Sondage de satisfaction Merci de votre feedback



Scannez-moi

